

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Shareholders and the Board of Directors of Korean Reinsurance Company and its Subsidiaries:

Our Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Korean Reinsurance Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group"), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as of December 31, 2020, and the related consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows, all expressed in Korean Won, for the year then ended, and notes to consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Group as of December 31, 2020, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Korean International Financial Reporting Standards ("K-IFRS").

Basis for Audit Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Korean Standards on Auditing ("KSAs"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in the Republic of Korea and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Key Audit Matters

The key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the year ended December 31, 2020. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our audit opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Assessment of Insurance Contract Liabilities Reserve for Outstanding Claims

As described in Note 2.3.14 Insurance contract liabilities and Note 3.4 Adequacy test for insurance contract liabilities in accordance with the Insurance Supervision Regulations and Related Acts (the Regulations for Supervision) as of December 31, 2020, the Group shall set aside a reserve for outstanding claims for amounts that have not yet been paid in relation to amounts that are to be paid, or estimated to be paid, for contracts that caused the reason for payment. The reserve for outstanding

claims is calculated by deducting recoverable profits (after applying the reimbursement rate) from amount estimated to be paid from contracts where the reason for the payment occurred, but the amount of the insurance payment was not confirmed.

As noted in Note 19 Insurance Contract Liabilities, the carrying amount of the reserve for outstanding claims as of December 31, 2020 is ₩4,648,573 million, accounting for 69% of the total insurance contract liability of ₩6,703,011 million. The reserve for outstanding claims was determined to be a key audit matter as the balance is significant in terms of the overall consolidated financial statements and it involves, to an extent, management estimates, and it is related to other consolidated financial statement accounts and requires the use of an expert to perform the audit of the reserve for outstanding claims.

The primary audit procedures we performed to address this key audit matter are as follows:

- Understanding the Group's policies, process and internal controls related to the calculation of reserve for outstanding claims.
- Understanding and assessing systems related to the calculation of reserve for outstanding claims.
- Confirming that the reserve calculating method is consistent with the supervisory regulations.
- Testing the effectiveness of design and operating of the internal control related to the calculation of reserve for outstanding claims.
- Testing the completeness and accuracy of the reserve for outstanding claims through document inspection based on sampling.
- Testing the accuracy of the reserve for outstanding claims through the recalculation for items calculated according to the supervisory regulations.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of the accompanying consolidated financial statements in accordance with K-IFRS, and for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management of the Group is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern; disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going-concern basis of accounting, unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Other Matters

The Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2019, were audited by the previous auditors and the auditors' audit report dated March 18, 2020, expressed an unqualified opinion.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with KSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with KSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the management's use of the going-concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty

exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We are solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance of the Group with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are, therefore, the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report, unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report is Sun Hee, Gong.



Deloitte Anjin LLC
March 18, 2021

Notice to Readers

This report is effective as of March 18, 2021, the auditors' report date. Certain subsequent events or circumstances may have occurred between the auditors' report date and the time the auditors' report is read. Such events or circumstances could significantly affect the consolidated financial statements and may result in modifications to the auditors' report.